Text Clustering Project

# Introduction

The dataset contains text data from Siena courses, we will use clustering to decide which courses belong in which group. We will specify a different number of clusters, 3 clusters, 33 clusters and 57 clusters. After which we will analyze the optimal number of clusters for this dataset. After extracting the appropriate data, we will use k-means, agglomerative clustering and LDA clustering algorithms. After obtaining these results we will use metrics such as a silhouette score and adjusted rand score to see which algorithm gives us the best results and discuss findings related to each algorithm.

# Data Preprocessing and Clustering

The data we have is in a txt file, after storing it in a variable and removing the columns of index we do not need, we use the CountVectorizer() method to transform the data appropriately and fitting and transforming the “decriptions.txt” file. This process sets the stage for the data which will be used for clustering.

### K-means

We use the KMeans method and fit our data to the model and specify the 3 data clusters we need.

Chart, line chart

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*Figure 1.1 Figure 1.2*

Figure 1.1 showcases the silhouette scores of KMeans clustering. While there are outliers, they are all within or close to 0. This is means that the number of clusters ranging from 3 to 57 are somewhat “optimal” as they are close to 0 and this signifies that the cluster is very close and sharing some of other cluster’s decision boundaries. The adjusted random scores for all 3 clusters are under 0.65 therefore it is not a very accurate clustering algorithm.